

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME IX.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1890.

NUMBER 86.



The Blair Bill Again.

It is the One Question Before the Senate.

SENATOR SPOONER'S VIEWS.

He Opposes the Measure in a Long Speech, at the End of Which an Executive Session is Held—A Mammoth Petition Presented to the House—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—In the senate yesterday the bill fixing the salaries of United States district judges was passed, and the educational bill was debated further.

Mr. Voorhees offered a preamble and resolution, which was referred to the committee on finance, reciting that in the recent lease of the fur seal islands of Alaska to the North American Commercial company, all the forms of law had not been complied with, and calling on the secretary of the treasury for copies of all the bids and all correspondence with bidders, and directing the secretary to refrain from executing or delivering the lease until the matter had been inquired into by the senate.

Mr. Mitchell offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the committee on foreign relations to consider the advisability of raising the Turkish mission to the second class and making the salary of the American minister to that country \$15,000.

On motion of Mr. Hoar, the bill fixing the salaries of United States district judges at \$5,000, was taken up, and after some discussion was passed. Mr. Hoar explained the provisions of the bill and advocated its passage, stating that the salaries were not uniform and in many cases were inadequate to secure good judges.

Mr. George, opposed the bill and questioned the statement of Mr. Hoar as to the impossibility of securing competent judges at the prevailing salaries. He was in favor of low salaries, but he believed that it was right and just that the salaries of judges in New York should be largely increased. In a majority of the states there was no necessity for increased salaries, but in some cases there was good reason for it.

The bill was passed by a vote of 38 to 13, and at 3:20 the educational bill was taken up and Mr. Spooner spoke in opposition to it. He said he had voted once for the bill and once against it. Now he again opposed it.

Mr. Spooner, in concluding, said he thought education on the instalment plan was dangerous, and that the effect of bill would be to stimulate unduly schools in the south and that when the eight years ended, (if they ever did end), the southern states would object to raising by taxation the sums that would then be necessary to keep up the schools. He believed that with people, as with individuals, self-help was the best help. He believed that the tendency of the day was too much to paternalism government, and that the policy of the bill if entered upon would never end. All things considered, the step was a dangerous one, unless it were a necessary step, and he denied that it was a necessary step.

Mr. Blair obtained the floor to reply to some of Mr. Spooner's argument, and the senate, after a brief executive session, for the consideration of executive business, at 5:55 p. m. adjourned.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—In the house Mr. O'Donnell, of Michigan, presented a petition of the Seventh Day Adventists, having 253,000 signatures protesting against the enactment of any law in regard to Sabbath observance.

Mr. Banks, of Massachusetts, secured the suspension of the rules and the passage of a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of thirty medical examiners in the pension bureau.

Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, moved the suspension of the rules to put upon its passage the senate bill for the organization of the territory of Oklahoma with the house substitute therefor.

Messrs. Mansur, of Missouri; Washington, of Tennessee; J. D. Taylor, of Ohio; Baker, of New York, and Perkins, of Kansas, urged the necessity for speedy action on the bill, and Messrs. Brown, of Iowa; Buchanan, of New Jersey; Holman, of Indiana; Hare, of Texas, and Hooker, of Mississippi, deprecated the passage of such an important measure under suspension of the rules without opportunity for debate or amendment. The motion to suspend the rules was lost.

Mr. Houk, of Tennessee, called up the Arkansas contested election case of Featherstone vs. Cate.

Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, in favoring the contestee, exhibited what is known as the double action ballot-box, which the Republicans say, was used in this Arkansas district, and enabled the present judges, Mr. Outhwaite said, to throw aside the vote of any Republican. Mr. Outhwaite said there was not a particle of evidence in the case to show that such a box was used at the election.

Pending further debate the house at 5:15 p. m. adjourned.

THE SENATE'S SECRET SESSION.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The senate in secret session devoted nearly an hour to the consideration of the nomination of H. C. Warmouth to be collector of customs at New Orleans. Mr. Dolph, who reported the nomination favorably from the committee on commerce, made a speech in defense of Warmouth, and said that the committee hadn't found the charges made against him by Louisiana Republicans well founded. Mr. Eustis led the opposition to the confirmation, resting his case principally on the record made by Warmouth when he was governor of Louisiana, when, Mr. Eustis charged, he materially increased

the public debt without reason. The nomination was finally confirmed by a vote of 49 to 14. A long list of other nominations was taken up and confirmed.

THE COLOR QUESTION IN COURT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.—The supreme court of the United States yesterday rendered a decision in the case of the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas railway company against the state of Mississippi, involving validity of the Mississippi state law requiring all railroads operating within the state to provide separate compartments or cars for white or colored people. The question at issue was whether the law is a regulation of interstate commerce, and therefore beyond the power of the state. This was not a civil action brought by an individual to recover damages for being compelled to occupy one particular compartment, or prevented from riding on the train, and no alleged violation of personal rights was involved.

The supreme court of Mississippi, when it decided the case, held that the statute applied solely to commerce within the state, and that construction being the construction of the statute by its highest court, is accepted as conclusive by the supreme court of the United States in their decision yesterday. The court sees no error in the ruling of the supreme court of Mississippi and its judgment and decision adverse to the railroad company is affirmed. Judge Brewer read the opinion of the court from which Justices Harlan and Bradley briefly dissented.

ALIEN CONTRACT LAW VIOLATED.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Complaint has been filed at the treasury department that "Greasers" from Mexico are imported under contract to work on the Texas Pacific railroad in Texas. The Mexican laborers, it is said, are employed in large numbers on the Texas Pacific railroad in construction work, and avoid a technical violation of the alien contract labor law by coming over under an implied contract which is entered into formally when they arrive. The treasury department is considering the matter.

RECOGNIZED AT LAST.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Mr. Charles Tupper, accompanied by Secretary Blaine, called on President Harrison at the executive mansion yesterday. He was received in the library and remained for some time in conversation with the president. Until yesterday the presence of Mr. Tupper in Washington has been officially ignored by state department officials.

MAY VISIT CHICAGO.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The members of the world's fair committees of the house and senate are considering an invitation that has been tendered them to visit Chicago with a view to looking over the available sites for the world's fair and to discuss the financial matters connected with the proposition. No action has been taken by the committees on the invitations.

THANKFUL PRISONERS.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The president has remitted the fine of \$100 imposed in the case of W. C. Dennis, of Michigan, sentenced in November, 1889, for unlawful retailing of liquor. He has also commuted to two and one-half years' imprisonment the five years' sentence of Nicholas Pettig, of New Jersey, convicted of passing counterfeit money.

VIVISECTION.

A DOCTOR WHO EXPERIMENTED WITH A DOG GETS INTO THE COURTS.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—The physicians of this city are stirred up over the war that the woman's branch of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has begun against vivisection. A warrant has been served on Dr. Benjamin T. Shimwell, demonstrator of anatomy at the medico-chirurgical hospital, on the charge of cruelty to an animal in the process of vivisection. The operation was performed on a dog by Dr. Shimwell before the faculty and students of the college for the purpose of showing how human life could be saved when the intestines are injured by a punctured wound or one caused by an explosive weapon. The operation was said to be very successful, and was repeated a few days later on a man who was wounded in the abdomen, and it saved his life. The women's society is determined to push the crusade against vivisection, and there is every promise of a fierce legal war.

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Equal to Oklahoma.

HOME SEEKERS SURROUNDING THE CHEROKEE STRIP

AWAITING TO CROSS THE LINE.

THE BOUNDARY LINED WITH PEOPLE WAITING FOR THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION OPENING UP THE TERRITORY—NEW ARRIVAL EVERY DAY.

GUTHRIE, I. T., March 4.—The prospects of the early delivery of the Cherokee strip to the home seekers is attracting large numbers of boomers to that vicinity. The Walnut river, from Arkansas City to the northern boundary of the strip, is lined with boomers awaiting permission to cross over.

New arrivals occur every day, and the prospects are that the rush into the Cherokee land will quite equal that into Oklahoma a year ago. At this place, which is near the southern boundary of the strip, the boomers are beginning to arrive in great numbers, choosing the banks of the Cottonwood river as their temporary homestead. The boomers arrive mostly in prairie schooners and use the wagon cover for tents, while they gain a livelihood by hunting and hiring out to the farmers. The recent "norther," with its severe cold, has caused some suffering among the poorly housed people, but no fatalities have been reported.

The boomers who are camped around Guthrie will have a double chance at securing free land—one chance at the Cherokee strip and one at the Iowa reservation. The Iowa Indians recently determined to take up land in severalty and sell the remainder of their reservation to the government. There are only eighty-four members of the tribe, and the majority of them have already staked out their claims. When each have taken their allotted amount of land there will remain 200,000 acres of land quite as fertile and attractive as any yet opened to settlement in the southwest. It is believed that congress will declare the Iowa reservation opened to settlement at the same time as the Cherokee strip.

EXPLOSION IN A LADIES' COACH.

THE STEAM HEATER EXPLODES, CAUSING A PANIC AMONG THE PASSENGERS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 4.—A peculiar accident occurred upon the fast train on the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis and Chicago railroad yesterday morning just before reaching this city. The train was running very rapidly, when the steam heater in the ladies' coach exploded with a loud noise, the particles tearing a large hole in the roof, and sending the splinters in all directions through the car. In a moment there was a panic among the passengers, and the majority of them have already staked out their claims. When each have taken their allotted amount of land there will remain 200,000 acres of land quite as fertile and attractive as any yet opened to settlement in the southwest. It is believed that congress will declare the Iowa reservation opened to settlement at the same time as the Cherokee strip.

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MINISTER PENDLETON'S FUNERAL.

CINCINNATI, March 4.—The remains of the late Minister Pendleton will arrive Saturday morning at the Pennsylvania depot, where a delegation from various commercial organizations and municipal bodies escorted by the First regiment band and delegation of police will be waiting. The cortège will proceed to Christ church, on Fourth near Broadway, where short services will be held. Thence the march will be taken up toward Music hall, where the ceremonies begin at 11 a. m., that the officials from the various states may return home the same day. Special trains will bring the governors and legislators of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, and the presence of ex-Presidents Cleveland and Hayes, ex-Senator Thurman, Hon. J. G. Carlisle and other eminent personages is expected.

SUICIDE ON A TRAIN.

ROANOKE, Va., March 4.—Just as the eastbound train on the Norfolk Western railway last night came into Roanoke, the passengers on the pullman car were startled by a pistol shot coming from the smoking compartment. The porter rushed into the little room and there found a man lying between the two seats with the blood streaming from a wound in the head. The man died almost immediately. Papers found on the dead man's pocket disclosed the fact that he was Charles A. Wise and that his home was in South Greenfield, N. Y. He was returning home from Jacksonville, Fla. The suicide was about 45 years of age.

ATTEMPTED BANK ROBBERY.

RIDGEWAY, Pa., March 4.—An attempt was made to rob the Elk County bank, in this borough, Sunday night. The burglars cut through the solid walls of the building and were working at the vault when they gave up the job. They were undoubtedly frightened away, as they left a number of their tools lying about the place. When the bank was opened yesterday morning the clerks discovered about four feet of the wall removed and bricks, mortar, etc., scattered around. The vault contained \$50,000, which was found undisturbed. The attempted robbery was by experts and causes a great sensation in this place.

WRESTLER SCHELLER'S CHALLENGE.

PEORIA, Ill., March 4.—Bert Scheller, of this city, is out in a challenge to wrestle either Tom Cannon, Carkeek, or Muldoon, catch-a-catch-can, best two in three falls. He has made a deposit of \$50, and is willing to make the purse \$500.

NOW THE FRENCH WILL HOWL.

OTTAWA, March 4.—The bill for the incorporation of the Loyal Orange order of British America came up in the house to-day for a third and final reading. The bill was carried yesterday by a majority of 23.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NEW YORK, N. Y.



A VOICE

From the Executive Mansion.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The pantoscopic glasses you furnished me some time since give excellent satisfaction. I have tested them by use, and must say they are unequalled in clearness and brilliancy by any that I have ever worn. Respectfully,
JOHN B. GORDON,
Governor of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and fit guaranteed at the Drug Store of POWER & REYNOLDS, Maysville, Ky.

FOR SALE.

The farm of the late W. E. Tabb, situated in the town of Dover, Ky., containing

66 ACRES

of good farming land; three barns that will hold thirty-thousand pounds of tobacco; well watered; fences in good condition; lying on C. and O. R. R., one hour and forty minutes to Cincinnati. Terms of sale—One-third cash, the

THE EVENING BULLETIN

LAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1890

FROM present indications 23,000 Republicans will not be equal to 75,000 Democrats at the Congressional elections in Ohio next fall.

The Republicans are "under pledge to revise the tariff in the interest of lower taxes." If they put through the many schemes now pending in Congress, they will be forced to increase the taxes.

ACCORDING to the New York World, the girls who work in the mills at Patterson, N. J., are not as well off as were the slaves of the South, and many of them are forced to live from hand to mouth and very poor living at that.

If reports are true, the colored Republicans of North Carolina have declared war against Mr. Harrison. They are the mainstay of the party in that State, but assert that the President has almost entirely ignored this fact in the distribution of the spoils.

THE Press, a Republican paper published at Washington, Iowa, wants "the sugar trust, and trusts generally, smashed" by "knocking the tariff clean off their products." The Press seems to be in earnest. Here is the way it talks:

"The 'hogs' are not content with 'protection'; when they get that, they pool and form syndicates and create monopolies. Smash them; and the way to do it, one would think, is to knock their tariff higher'n Gilderoy's kite, and let them sweat."

SENATOR POYNTZ's resolution to investigate the bribery and corruption charged against the Louisville Gas Company rather knocked the wind out of some of the members of that corporation. But they have recovered, and, to judge by their expressions, are ready for the investigators at any time. The whole affair, as far as the resolution is concerned, seems to have grown out of an attempt of the gas company to secure legislation that would eventually perpetuate their monopoly of the lighting business in the Falls City. They simply wanted to "act the hog." Not satisfied with the monopoly they enjoyed, they wished to be placed in a position to shut out all competition for years to come. When the facts are known the competing electric light company will be found behind the resolution to investigate the gas company. However this may be, the investigation may bring out some interesting facts as to how elections are manipulated in Louisville.

Kentucky is Getting There.

"The State of Kentucky has trod the road of progress with seven-league boots during the past two years," says an exchange, "and if any other evidence were needed of the prevalence of the busy spirit of organization and development, it is furnished in the character of the greater part of the local legislation that is being enacted. Banks are being chartered everywhere, and trust companies, heretofore limited to Louisville, have been incorporated in a number of the larger towns of the State. Improvement companies, with ample power to do everything from selling a lot to building railroad, or an iron furnace, have been chartered liberally and numerously. Railroad charters have been dispensed without stint, and a number of ambitious boom cities like Middlesborough, Pineville and Beattyville have asked for street railway franchises with a degree of precocious pertness that carried the day. Several home insurance companies have been incorporated, and a number of big manufacturing concerns have applied for charters. There is no doubt of the spirit of development being abroad in Kentucky."

The War on the Farmer.

Between 1850 and 1860 the assessed value of the State of New Jersey increased \$170,000,000. Of this \$60,000,000 was caused by the increased value of farms and \$6,000,000 more by the increased value of the live stock. The share of the farmers in this increase of wealth was \$66,000,000, or 38 per cent.

Between 1860 and 1880 the assessed value of the State increased \$276,000,000, and the farmers' share of this was \$8,000,000, or 3 per cent.

Between 1880 and 1890 the assessed value of the State increased \$32,000,000, and the farmers' share of this was—nothing.

In 1880 the farmers were receiving less for the products of their farms than in 1860. In 1890 they received less than in 1880.

The average value of the product of each farm in 1860, was \$1,124; in 1880 it was only \$861.

The farmers of New Jersey, deprived of a foreign market, had been confined by law since 1862 exclusively to the "home market"—the best home market any farmer could hope for—and this is the natural and logical result.—New York World.

Facts About the Ohio.

An exchange calls attention to some interesting facts. It says: "There are one hundred and sixty prominent places on the Ohio river between Pittsburg and Cincinnati, a distance of 467 miles. There are thirteen bridges across the river and forty-five lines of railway reaching river points in that distance, twenty-two local steamboat lines for passengers and freight and six local towboat lines. There are fifty-three islands between Pittsburg and Cincinnati, some of them quite large and used for farming purposes. There are also forty-five islands between Cincinnati and the mouth of the Ohio. There are ten prominent tributaries emptying into the Ohio between Pittsburg and Cincinnati, and five places where steamboat building is a specialty. Furnaces and salt works along the way furnish the iron and salt for a vast portion of the country, and prominent towns between Cincinnati and Pittsburg manufacture three-fourths of the fire brick, pottery and chinaware used in the United States."

Stock, Crop and Turf Items.

It is estimated that half a million people in Massachusetts use oleomargarine instead of butter.

During the month of January, 22,102 live cattle and 55,394 quarters of dressed beef were exported from the United States.

Speedwell, sister of Kingston, started in fifty races last year, of which she won twenty, was second in thirteen and third in seven, her winnings amounting to \$9,385.

Tobacco smoke quickly contaminates delicate fruits of all kinds. A few puffs blown upon a box of raspberries will entirely destroy the delicate flavor of the fruit and render it uneatable. The same may in a degree be said of strawberries. This is something which but few growers and shippers have ever considered, and too much care cannot be taken to prevent the use of tobacco where these fruits are being handled.—California Fruit Grower.

Tobacco Notes.

Charles F. Taylor and Wm. Prather have purchased this season in the neighborhood of 100,000 pounds of tobacco of good quality at an average of 6 cents per pound.

Timothy Connell, of the Washington neighborhood, has sold his crop to J. M. Chambers at 7½ cents.

John Mitchell, living near Washington, sold about 19,000 pounds, to McGregor & Wallingford, of this city, at 9 cents. Erasmus Mitchell sold his crop to same parties at same price, there being some 9,000 pounds.

Attempted Rape.

A book agent named F. H. Pratt, hailing from Ohio, attempted to commit a rape at Concord, Lewis County. His intended victim is a married lady of high standing in that community. Her name was not learned.

The scoundrel was captured, and now languishes in jail at Vanceburg, awaiting trial at the June term of the Lewis Circuit Court.

Entitled to the Best.

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when constive or bilious. For sale in 50c. and \$1 bottles by leading druggists.

But few will object to the City Council electing Clerk, City Physician and Keeper of the Alms House as provided by the new charter, but all other officers should be chosen by the people. A protest will certainly be made to the new charter as it now stands.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

MT. CARMEL. Tobacco merchants are busy buying and pricing tobacco.

Wanted—New town officers. Our streets are in a dreadful condition.

Intemperance causes the desecration of our Sabbath and destruction upon every participant.

Our school under the management of Professor Lowe, is giving satisfaction. He is a fine educator.

Paying town tax and wading through mud and water are not two of the most pleasant things in the world.

H. B. Norwood is now a resident of Maysville, having obtained a position at Barkley's Star Shoe Store. Mr. Norwood is a young man of excellent qualities.

HELENA.

A beef company is being talked of here. Robt. Cook was at Pleasant Valley Monday.

J. W. Hughes was in Grange City Sunday.

James M. Mitchell is confined to his room.

John Hughes came home from Millersburg Saturday.

Alex Cook, of Mt. Carmel, was here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. John Ross, near this place, died with consumption a few days ago.

Wm. S. Montgomery, Mr. Early and Dan Roe leave for Shelbyville Wednesday.

Died, youngest child of Frank Grayson, with pneumonia, Friday, February 18th.

Mrs. Harriet Cook is home after a pleasant visit with Mrs. Dr. A. C. Cook, of Millersburg.

Mrs. Mary Cook is in Maysville, at the bedside of Mrs. Wm. Chapell, who is very low with pneumonia.

Henry Marshall, of Tollesboro, has rented the property owned by A. D. Bettis. He will move here the 10th of the month.

We learn that Frank Eckman, formerly of this place, will graduate as a first-class physician this week. He now lives at Covington.

Many people are prevented from raising asparagus by an exaggerated notion of the labor involved. Its requirements are simple.

Apples as Medicine.

[London Hospital.] Chemically, the apple is composed of vegetable fiber, albumen, sugar, gum, chlorophyll, malic acid, gallic acid, lime and much water. Further more, the German analysts say that the apple contains a larger percentage of phosphorus than any other fruit or vegetable. This phosphorus is admirably adapted for renewing the essential nervous matter, lethicin, of the brain and spinal cord. It is, perhaps, for this reason, rudely understood, that old Scandinavian traditions represent the apple as the food of the gods, who, when they felt themselves to be growing feeble and infirm, resorted to this fruit for renewing their powers of mind and body. Also the acids of the apple are of signal use for men of sedentary habits, whose livers are sluggish in action; these acids serving to eliminate from the body noxious matter which, if retained, would make the brain heavy and dull, or bring about jaundice or skin eruptions and other allied troubles. Some such an experience must have led to our custom of taking apple sauce with roast pork, rich goose and like dishes.

The malic acid of ripe apples, either raw or cooked, will neutralize any excess of chalky matter engendered by eating too much meat. It is also the fact that such fresh fruits as the apple, the pear and the plum, when taken ripe and without sugar, diminish acidity in the stomach rather than provoke it. Their vegetable salts and juices are converted into alkaline carbonates, which tend to counteract acidity. A good ripe raw apple is one of the easiest of vegetable substances for the stomach to deal with, the whole process in its digestion being completed in eighty-five minutes.

Anything to Reduce the Surplus.

[Omaha Democrat.] It appears to be reasonably certain that the Republicans in Congress will find a way in which to exhaust the treasury surplus. Evarts has presented a bill in the Senate for the publication of a roster of the Grand Army of the Republic, to contain 400,000 names, and the bill appropriates \$50,000 for the work. It is about the biggest steal ever proposed in Congress for the work to be rendered. It proposes to pay the enterprising publishers at the rate of \$1 for every eight names! A fair remuneration would be about six cents. For ability to squander the surplus, the Republicans are entitled to a chromo.

Maysville Retail Market.

COFFEE, per pound.....	22@25
MOLASSES—new crop, per gal.....	60@65
Golden Syrup.....	40
Borghum, fancy new.....	35@40
SUGAR—Yellow, per pound.....	6@7
Extra—per pound.....	7
A per pound.....	8
Granulated, per pound.....	8@9
Powdered, per pound.....	10
New Orleans, per pound.....	5@7
TEAS—per pound.....	50@100
COAL OIL—Headlight, per gallon.....	15
BACON—Breakfast, per pound.....	10
Clear sides, per pound.....	7@8
Hams, per pound.....	18@14
Shoulders, per pound.....	7@8
BEANS—Per barrel.....	30@40
BUTTER—Per pound.....	2 @25
CHICKENS—Each.....	25@30
EGGS—Per dozen.....	10 @12
FLOUR—Limestone, per barrel.....	\$.50
Old Gold, per barrel.....	5@6
Maysville Fancy, per barrel.....	4 @5
Mason County, per barrel.....	4 @5
Royal Patent, per barrel.....	4 @5
Maysville Family, per barrel.....	5 @6
Granade per sack.....	20@40
HOMINY—Per pound.....	15
MEAL—Per peck.....	15
LARD—Per pound.....	9@10
ONIONS—Per peck, new.....	40@50
POTATOES—Per peck, new.....	10
APPLES—Per peck, new.....	40@50

AUCTION!

Special Sale,

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Fine Dress Goods,

SILKS,

VELVETS,

LACES,

CLOAKS,

JACKETS,

SHAWLS,

Embroideries, Carpets!

AT 2 O'CLOCK.

Ladies Comfortably Seated!

J. W. Sparks & Bro.,

MARKET STREET.

S. C. S. S.

THESE INITIALS STAND FOR

Spot Cash Shoe Store!

"I have just walked forty-five miles in these Shoes this wet weather, and my feet are perfectly dry," said a customer who stepped into our store the other day with a pair of our ninety-nine-cent Shoes on.

We are just now displaying the largest and most varied stock of BOOTS and SHOES especially adapted for wet weather ever placed in this market, at merely nominal figures.

We have also on show positively the most complete assortment in RUBBER FOOTWEAR over offered the public, at similarly light prices.

Come and try some of our wet-weather Footwear, and keep your feet dry at almost gift rates.

H. C. BARKLEY.

THE SPOT CASH SHOE STORE!

THE BEE HIVE!

February is usually a dull month, but we intend it shall be an exceedingly lively one in the Dry Goods business.

READ THESE VALUES,

THEN COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

Heavy yard-wide Muslin at 4c. per yard; good Calicoes at 3c. per yard; Arnold's Percals, best made, 7 1-2c. per yard, worth 12 1-2c.; all Linen, real Stevens' Crash, 5c. per yard, worth 10c.; Dress Ginghams 5c. per yard, worth 10c.; Pins, three papers for 5c.; Boys' Percal Shirt Waists, 20c. each; Plain India Linens and Checked Nainsooks from 5c. per yard up; Gloria Silk Umbrellas, Gold and Oxidized handles, \$1.00, worth double; Tobacco canvas, 1 3-4c.; worth 2 1-2c.; genuine imported Castile Soap, two cakes for 5c.; see our new line of Lace Curtains, from 69c, a pair up; Dr. Warner's Health Corset, 99c. each; our usual 50c. Corset reduced to 39c.; Lace Tidies or Pillow Shams, 36 inches square, 15c., worth 40c.

Every department in our mammoth stock is now complete, and we know you study your own interests by purchasing of us.

ROSENAU BROS., PROPRIETORS BEE HIVE.

SIXTY THOUSAND BOLTS OF WALL PAPER OUR AGREATVARIETY.

Last February we made a run on our stock which not only relieved us of lots of goods but gave our customers some rare bargains; and now, in order to reduce stock, we will do likewise, and offer our stock of PICTURES, FRAMES, SETS OF BOOKS, BOX PAPERS, &c., at a great reduction, in order to get ready to handle our immense stock of

WALL PAPERS,

of which we have already received 20,000 bolts. We are going to be able to show as nice a variety, as large an

THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1890.

SMOKE the "Mountain Boy."

PINEAPPLE CHEESE, 50 cents—Calhoun's.

PAPER hanging and decoration done by
Greenwood. 17dpm.

The ladies should read J. W. Sparks &
Bro.'s advertisement to-day.

TAKE warning from the Mt. Olivet fire
and insure with Duley & Baldwin.

LIFE insurance, for persons from 21 to
25, at special rates. Consult L. W. Gal-
braith.

SOME Ohio parties talk of starting a
barrel factory at Vanceburg, to employ
about forty hands.

DR. LAWILL, of Mayslick neighbor-
hood, will sell his stock and farming im-
plements at public auction March 7th.
See small bills 126187

AMONG the published causes of death
now-a-days you note frequent recurrence
of the phrase, "heart-failure." Ten years
ago it was never heard of, says the Cin-
cinnati Enquirer.

MR. DAVID S. TARRELL, the brilliant
young editor of the Georgetown (O.)
News-Democrat, has resigned to accept a
position as assistant editor of the Evening
Post, of Columbus, O.

SENATOR POYNTZ's bill to enable service
to be obtained on railroad companies in
case of suit was reported in the Legisla-
ture Saturday and recommitted after some
amendments were offered.

MARCH 8th is the date Ballenger, the
jeweler, gives that \$400 diamond away.
You get a ticket on this elegant gem
with every dollar's worth of goods bought
of him and with every dollar paid on
account.

MR. L. VANDEN, formerly of Maysville,
is Chairman of the "Oddfellows' Temple
Company of Cincinnati," recently organ-
ized to erect a temple at Seventh and
Elm streets, that city, at a cost of about
\$500,000.

PROF. LOISSETTE'S Memory System is
creating greater interest than ever in all
parts of the country, and persons wish-
ing to improve their memory should send
for his prospectus free as advertised in
another column.

HUGH P. GILMORE, the five-year-old son
of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Gilmore, of
Minerva, died last Saturday of pneumo-
nia. The remains were interred yes-
terday. Hugh was a bright little child,
and the grief-stricken parents have the
sympathy of the community in their be-
reavement.

It is proposed to put in an electric
light plant at the State prison, and to use
the same power for lighting the public
offices and the Executive mansion. The
public lighting by electricity now costs
the State about \$1,200 a year. A bill has
already been introduced by Senator
Poyntz directing the purchase of the
plant.

SENATOR POYNTZ has introduced a bill
in the Legislature to establish an addi-
tional voting precinct in Lewis County,
and to alter, modify and decrease certain
precincts in said county from which said
additional precinct is established; also to
provide for the appointment of two
Justices and a Constable for said new
precinct.

SIDNEY HILL, of Glens Falls, N. Y., is
a clever man. He heard a burglar in his
house a few nights ago. "Hand me my
revolver," cried Mr. Hill in stentorian
tones to his wife. The burglar fled at
once. This report of a pistol in the house
was too much for his nerves. Of course
it may be argued that Mr. Hill resorted
to a subterfuge and that indirectly he
told a falsehood. But his method of pro-
cedure is worthy of high praise on utili-
tarian grounds. It is economical and
safe. The man who refers to a revolver
which exists only in his imagination is
apt to scare a burglar and is in no danger
of shooting a member of his own house-
hold.—Exchange.

GEORGE WILCOX, who died lately at
West Franklin, Pa., was a Democrat from
way back. By his will he left a stated
sum to his grandsons on condition that
they support the Democratic ticket, State
and National. His granddaughters, in
order to inherit any of the old man's
wealth, must either marry Democrats or
remain single. Should any one fail to
comply with the provisions of the will
their amount shall be divided among
those who remain faithful. In the event
of all failing to listen to the requests, then
their interest in the estate is forfeited, and
the entire amount goes to the Democratic
National Committee. There is not much
danger that the boys will ever be any-
thing but Democrats, remarks an ex-
change.

THE NEW CHARTER.

Some of the Important Features
Passed Upon by Council
Last Night.

Changes Made in the City Boundary.
Qualifications of Councilmen.
Election of Officers.

A special meeting of the council was
held last evening to consider the new
city charter. Messrs. Pecor, Pearce and
Saulsbury were not present.

The charter, as reported by Mr. L. W.
Robertson and Hon. W. H. Wadsworth
and the Committee on Laws and Ordin-
ances, was taken up, and the consideration
of it, section by section, commenced.
Mr. Robertson read the document and
noted down such changes and amend-
ments as were adopted.

The first section has reference to the
city boundaries. The eastern boundary
is changed so as to extend from Union
street in a straight line to the ravine at
the foot of "Watkins' Hill," thence west

in a straight line down the ravine to pike
extending from Lexington street to the
Mt. Sterling pike, thence south along the
western boundary of said connecting pike

to the Mt. Sterling pike, thence west along
the northern boundary of the Mt. Ster-
ling pike to the eastern line of what
is known as the "City property," thence
south up the hill along the eastern
boundary of said property. The line
then runs so as to take in "Horn's Hill,"
the "City Park" and the reservoir prop-
erty. These are the only changes made.

There was some talk of changing the
western boundary so as to take in all the
distilleries, but this was not done. The
northern boundary is low water mark on
Ohio side of the river.

The new boundary was then adopted
by a yea and nay vote of six to five,
Messrs. Fitzgerald, Triplett, Shannon,
Kehoe and Fleming voting no.

As to qualifications of a Councilman,
he must be a legal voter of the State, a
resident of the city two years, and also a
resident of the ward in which he is
elected, and shall have paid all taxes
assessed against him, and he shall not be
interested in any contract with the city.

Serious objection was made to the last
clause by several members and a motion
was made to strike it out. The motion
was lost by a yea and nay vote of six to
six, Messrs. Ficklin, Shannon, Fitzgerald,
Kehoe, Triplett and Rudy voting no, and
Messrs. Cox, Robertson, Blatterman,
Wood, Fleming and Wadsworth voting
yes.

There are about thirty-five or forty
sections in regard to the rights and
powers of Council. Only a few features
are here mentioned:

A majority of all the members on a
yea and nay vote shall be required to incur
any debt or liability exceeding \$500.

Council may levy a poll tax not to ex-
ceed \$2 a year and the ad valorem tax
shall not exceed \$1.25 on the \$100.

Council may establish a work house
and make regulations for the government
of same.

Council shall be required to keep open
all streets and alleys.

Coffee house license shall not exceed
\$500 annually. Some members wanted
the limit placed at \$1,000.

Billiard and pool room license shall
not exceed \$250 annually.

The charter as read gives the Council
the right to elect the Clerk, Attorney,
Treasurer, Assessor, Wharfmaster, Keeper
of Alms House, City Physician and Public
Weigher. A motion was made by Mr.
Fitzgerald to amend this section so that
all the officers named except Clerk, City
Physician and Keeper of Alms House
shall be elected by the people. The
motion was lost, the vote resulting in a
tie—five to five—Messrs. Fitzgerald,
Ficklin, Kehoe, Fleming and Shannon
voting yea, and Messrs. Cox, Blatterman,
Rudy, Wadsworth and Wood, no.

At this point Council adjourned till
this evening at 7 o'clock, when the con-
sideration of the charter will be re-
sumed.

River Items.

Falling fast at this point.

The Bonanza resumed her trips this
morning.

The new Keystone State made her trial
trip Saturday at Marietta. She left there
yesterday for Pittsburgh.

The February coal shipments from
Pittsburg were as follows: Cincinnati,
3,456,000 bushels; Louisville, 7,803,000
bushels; total, 11,259,000 bushels.

The Telegraph is due down to-night at
12 o'clock. Due up; Chancellor for Ports-

mouth at 9 p.m., St. Lawrence for Pome-
roy and Sherley for Pittsburg at mid-
night.

Puff.

Do not miss hearing the comic and
most entertaining auctioneer, and also

the great bargains now being sold every

day and night at J. W. Sparks & Bro.'s

24 Market street.

KEY DEPOSITS.

The Postal Laws and Regulations
Governing the Matter.

"This is a credit to the city," remarked
a gentleman Sunday evening at the post-
office as he admired the handsome new
fixtures just thrown open to the public.

Postmaster Davis has gone to an ex-
pense of \$1,000 or \$1,200 in improving
the office and fitting it up with boxes of
the latest and most approved design, and
there is not a city in the State that can
show a handsomer and neater office now
than Maysville.

But a question has arisen about the
old keys. Mr. Davis exacted a deposit of
50 cents for each new lock-box key yes-
terday, as the law required him to do,
but renters of the old boxes expected
their old keys to be redeemed. This he
could not do, as no "Key Redemption
Fund" was turned over to him by Mr.
A. C. Respass when he retired from office.
That gentleman states that the fund was
exhausted in repairing the boxes.

The postal laws and regulations are
very explicit on this point, as will be
seen from the following:

At offices in buildings leased by the Govern-
ment, with box outfit covered by the lease,
the postmasters are required to hold such key
deposits as a trust fund, subject to return
or application, upon forfeiture, as herein directed.
The object and condition of the de-
posit should be explained to the box-renter.

An account must be kept of such deposits,
to be known as the "Key-deposit Redemption
Fund," each deposit to be entered therein,
with the name of the depositor, date of de-
posit, and the number of the key.

When a key is surrendered within thirty
days after the box to which it belongs is vacated,
the deposit thereon, in the postmaster's hands,
should be at once refunded and receipted
taken thereon, and proper entry made in the
account of that fund.

When a key is lost by the renter, or while
he is responsible therfor, or through his fault
is broken so as to be rendered useless, or is
withheld for over thirty days after the box to
which it belongs has been vacated, the deposit
thereon becomes forfeited and will be trans-
ferred to another fund called the "Key-de-
posit Forfeiture Fund," and entry made in
the account of that fund.

The "forfeiture fund" is to be expended (1)
for the purchase of new keys to replace those
lost, broken, or withheld; (2) for necessary
repairs to locks; and (3) for keeping the lo-
ck boxes in serviceable condition. Vouchers in
duplicate should be taken of such expendi-
tures.

Every postmaster having in his hands any
key-deposit funds must render account
thereof to the First Assistant Postmaster General
on June 30 and December 31 of each year
(on Form 1090), and a final account on retiring
from office. Vouchers for all moneys re-
funded or disbursed must accompany the ac-
count. If the postmaster die, his trustees
will transfer the funds and render final ac-
count.

Upon retirement from office the postmaster
will turn over all key-deposit funds, whether
forfeited or not, and the records thereof, to his
successor in office. Should he fail or refuse to do
so, the successor will at once inform the Depart-
ment of the fact.

It will be noticed that the "forfeiture
fund" only can be used for necessary re-
pairs to the boxes. The "redemption
fund" is to be used only to redeem the
keys. The above is published in response
to the many inquiries made to the EUL-
LETIN.

Here and There.

Congressman T. H. Paynter was at
Frankfort last Saturday on business.

Miss Mitchell, of this city, is visiting
her aunt, Mrs. James Gault, in the Wash-
ington vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Marshall, who
have passed the winter in Florida, are
expected home the first of April.

Thomas Bryan, a cousin of Lieutenant
Governor Bryan, is in Washington for a few
weeks, the guest of his sister Mrs. John Lane.

Mrs. Rebecca Marshall, mother of Mrs.
J. Paxton Marshall, of Washington, leaves
this week for Virginia, where she will
make her future home.

Headlight Flashes.

The gross earnings of the Union Pacific
last year were nearly \$40,000,000, and the
net earnings over \$14,000,000.

During the recent high stage of the
river, the C. and O. had watchmen sta-
tioned every half mile along the river
division.

C. P. Huntington's proposition to ex-
tend the Ohio and Big Sandy, formerly
the Chattahoochee Railway, is not a very
favorable one and not likely to be ac-
cepted.

He requires free right of way
for the road, all necessary land for depot
and station purposes, that the owners of
large tracts of land donate a portion of
them to him, and that the counties through
which the road passes shall subscribe
liberal sums in addition, says the Catletts-
burg Republican.

The Contract Awarded.

Messrs. E. A. Robinson, and Harry
Taylor awarded the contract this morning
for remodeling and improving their busi-
ness house, on Second street, to Messrs.
Lane & Worick.

The new buildings will be three stories,
with pressed brick points of handsome
designs. Messrs. Geo. M. Clinger & Son
will do the brick work.

The new buildings will be three stories,
with pressed brick points of handsome
designs. Messrs. Geo. M. Clinger & Son
will do the brick work.

The revival service continues at the M.
E. Church. Rev. Thomas Hanford ex-
pects one or two special helpers to-night.

The Postoffice Drug Store!

You can always find a choice line of DRUGS at the Postoffice
Drug Store. Also a fine line of Fancy Toilet Articles, and the best
Perfumery to be found in Maysville.

Prescriptions a specialty, and carefully compounded at all hours.

POWER & REYNOLDS,

Cox Building (Adjoining Postoffice).

◇DON'T FORGET◇
Ladies' Fine Shoes at \$2,

REDUCED FROM \$2.75 AND \$3.00.

Seasonable Goods!

Splendid Qualities!

Rare Bargains!

MINER'S SHOE STORE

◇THE LATEST NOVELTIES◇

NOW READY AT

NELSON'S.

The Last Chance to Buy Stoves Cheap.

Although the advance in iron has increased the price of Stoves, we will
offer our entire large stock of

HEATERS AT COST.

They must go to make room for other goods. We are also showing the latest and best
improved Cook Stoves and wrought Steel Ranges ever offered in Maysville.

BIERBOWER and CO.

MARKET STREET.



McClanahan & Shea

Dealers in

STOVES,

Mantels, Grates, Tinware.

TIN-ROOFING,
GUTTERING

The Result of a Battle.

Nearly One Hundred Killed or Wounded.

ATTACKING PARTY DEFEATED.

The Soldiers Stationed at the French Garrison at Atzebo the Victors—Result of the Election in Germany—Young Lincoln Again Growing Critical—Other Foreign Information.

PARIS, March 4.—The governor of Senegal reports to the government that the French garrison at Atzebo has repulsed an attack made upon it by a band of soldiers of the King of Dahomey. One hundred of the attacking party were either killed or wounded. Reports are current that the government intends to assume jurisdiction over the kingdom of Dahomey, and that the expeditionary force is about to be sent to the West African coast.

It is expected that this expedition will be instructed to prevent the sacrifice of captives, customary on the occasion of the enthronement of a monarch of Dahomey.

Fears of a Great Strike.

BERLIN, March 4.—A fresh strike is threatening among the coal miners of Westphalia with every indication that it will be more general and widespread than any of the previous great revolts of the colliers against the oppression of the masters. It is thought, however, in view of the approaching labor conference, that the emperor will use his influence to effect a settlement or at least to postpone the outbreak.

Election in France.

PARIS, March 4.—The election in the department of the Basse-Pyrénées Sunday resulted in the selection of M. Etcheverry to succeed himself as a member of the chamber of deputies. M. Etcheverry had formerly been elected to represent the Basse-Pyrénées in the chamber of deputies, but his election had been set aside by that body, and the matter referred back to the mountain constituency.

Election Returns Nearly All In.

BERLIN, March 4.—The returns of the rebalots have all been received except nine. The 397 seats in the reichstag filled by the returns received are divided as follows: Centre, 11; Freisinnung and Volkspartei, 80; Socialists, 37; Conservatives, 66; Imperial, 20; National Liberals, 39; Poles, 16; Anti-Semites, 4; Independents, 3; Alsations, 11.

The Emperor Feels Confident.

BERLIN, March 4.—It is reported that the emperor, speaking at the council dinner Saturday evening, referred to the success of the Socialists in the late election, and said: "I do not fear them. As regards social democracy, it is my affairs, and I am ready to deal with it alone."

More Cranky Students.

LISBON, March 4.—The students of this city have formed a league, the members of which are pledged to make an assault upon Mr. Glynn Petre, the British minister. Their action is due to the fact that the government has refused to withdraw the exequatur of the minister.

Riot Over an Election.

BERLIN, March 4.—At Dortmund the announcement of the result of the second ballot caused a riot in which the police and Socialists were engaged. The rioters stoned the police, who finally dispersed them at the point of the sword. Thirty arrests were made.

The Czar's Orders.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 4.—The czar has forbidden the princes of the Dolgoroukoff family—the Morganatic sons of his father, to return to Russia and has paid them 15,000,000 rubles for their estates, although the property is easily worth double that sum.

Stanley's New Book.

LONDON, March 4.—The publishers of Stanley's book announce that the title of the work will be "Darkest Africa; the Quest, Rescue and Retreat of Emin." Scribner's of New York, have secured orders for 50,000 copies of the book.

The Pope's Anniversary.

ROME, March 4.—The twelfth anniversary of the coronation of Pope Leo XIII was commemorated by the celebration of high mass in the Sistine chapel yesterday.

IMPRISONED IN A MINE.

Eight Men Penned Up By Gas.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 4.—An explosion of gas occurred in the South Wilkesbarre shaft yesterday afternoon. Eight men were at work inside of the feeder at the time. In a few minutes the tunnel became filled with smoke and gas which shut off all means of escape. The tunnel leads into the Watson mine adjoining, and efforts were made to reach the imprisoned men, but the rescuing party was driven back and compelled to give up the attempt.

Superintendent Phillips and Inspector Williams are now on their way to the Stanton air shaft, where they will make every effort to break through a pillar of coal and rescue the men if alive. The victims are: Michael Ferry, Thomas Janeson, Thomas McDonald, aged 20; Thomas McDonald, aged 21; John McNealis—all single; and Frank Call, Hugh Dugan and Thomas Williams, men of family. The mine is owned by the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company.

Four Children Burned to Death.

GREENVILLE, Miss., March 4.—While Henry Greenlee, colored, and his wife, were at church Sunday morning from their cabin, near here, took fire from the chimney and was burned, and their four children, the oldest 5 years old, were burned to death.

Quiet at Rio De Janeiro.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Capt. Davies, of the British steamship Holbern, which has just arrived at this port, reports all quiet at Rio De Janeiro, whence the vessel sailed on Feb. 5.

TRAIN WRECKED AND BURNED.

Three Lives Lost by a Railroad Accident at Lakeville, Ohio.

MASILLON, O., March 4.—A disastrous wreck occurred on the Fort Wayne road at Lakeville, west of this city, yesterday. When the third section of a freight train going east reached that point, an oil tank on the train exploded and set fire to the cars. The fourth section ran into the third, killing John Cowen, engineer, Harvey Galehouse, fireman, and Mr. Miller, the front brakeman.

Eighteen loaded cars were burned. The heat was so intense that it melted the bell on the engine of the fourth section and it ran down in molten form over the boiler. The ties were burned for a distance of 1,500 feet, and the track was bent and drawn into many curious shapes. The victims were all on the fourth section. Cowen and Miller live at Alliance and leave families. Galehouse is a single man, his parents living at Doylestown.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Items of Interest Put in Convenient Form For the Hurried Reader.

There are over 18,000 unsettled accounts on the books of United States treasury.

It is expected that the lottery bill will be reintroduced in the North Dakota legislature and pass.

James Martin was cut with a knife by Joel W. Embry in a street encounter at Richmond, Ky.

A New York policeman captured five women and nine men, all Americans, in an opium den.

Chicago may not get the world's fair when the question of appropriation is brought before congress.

The supreme court of Mississippi has affirmed the sentence of the lower court in Jake Kilrain's case.

The house bill providing clerks for congressmen has been favorably reported, and will probably pass.

The latest pension bill provides for the relief of all disabled veterans without proof of origin of disability.

A patient named Coffee killed Mortimer Fanner with a bed-slat, in the Western lunatic asylum, near Hopkinsville, Ky.

A woman was burned and injured by jumping, and a man was suffocated, probably fatally, in a hotel fire at Middletown, N. Y.

A bill was introduced in the house yesterday to prevent reorganization of congressional districts except one in every ten years.

Mr. Joseph Medill, says that the world's fair will not be held until 1893. Chicago will need \$10,000,000 from the National treasury.

Bonds to the amount of \$300,000, bearing four and one-half per cent interest, will be issued to fund the entire debt of New Albany, Ind.

The Lexington, (Ky.) Belt Line company demanded the resignation of its secretary, and made the retention of a stock certificate by him on the ground for his arrest.

Ex-congressman Taulbee, who was shot by Correspondent Kincaid at Washington on Friday, is not so well. The doctors have located the ball in the neck, back of the larynx.

Jake Kilrain, tried for prize fighting in Purvis, Miss., has been sentenced to two months' imprisonment in the Purvis jail, and to pay a fine of \$200. A decision in Sullivan's case is expected next Monday.

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The supreme court has decided, in a case growing out of the Fidelity bank failure at Cincinnati, that the American Exchange National bank, of Chicago, is entitled to a divvy on the amount of its advances to Kershaw & Company, at Harper's direction.

Apaches Break Loose Again.

SAN CARLOS, N. M., March 4.—The renegade Apaches are making themselves known as winter disappears. Of the eleven renegades five or six of them are in Sonora, Mexico, and on a late raid stole sixteen horses, besides committing numerous other depredations. It is safe to say that an Apache war is imminent, and the local policy of the military is not likely to anticipate or prevent it. Five Indian murderers are being housed by their friends on the reservation.

Fight in a Church.

ST. LOUIS, March 4.—Henry Webber, white, and Henry Nelson, colored, revisited an old quarrel in front of a colored church Sunday morning. Webber picked up a club and attacked Nelson, who ran into the church, interrupting worship. Webber followed him to the pulpit, where he attacked him and created a riot. The negro worshippers fell on Webber and thrashed him badly. He was arrested.

Switchmen Strike.

PITTSBURG, March 4.—The switchmen employed in the Pittsburgh and Chartiers yards of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie railroad struck yesterday for an advance in wages. They demand an increase from \$1.90 to \$2.10 for day, and \$2.20 for night work. No attempt was made to move freight and considerable difficulty is experienced in getting passenger trains out on time. The strikers are all non-union men.

Block Tin from an American Mine.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 4.—The first block of tin produced from an American tin mine reached Pittsburgh yesterday. The block of tin weighs twenty-five pounds and was taken from a tin deposit near Hermosa, S. Dak., by the Glendale Tin company. It has been examined by experts who pronounce it excellent.

Coal Operator Killed.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 4.—Trudgeon, a coal operator, owning several mines in this vicinity was caught in one of his coal tipplers yesterday and so badly injured that he died a couple of hours later.

Died of Hydrophobia.

TRITON, Ind., March 4.—J. L. Aspy, a veterinary surgeon of this county, who was bitten ten days ago by a horse afflicted with hydrophobia, died yesterday.

Quiet at Rio De Janeiro.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Capt. Davies, of the British steamship Holbern, which has just arrived at this port, reports all quiet at Rio De Janeiro, whence the vessel sailed on Feb. 5.

A True Cat Story.

When I was a little girl I used to fish from a deep brook that ran at the foot of the hills near father's house. I would tie a bent pin to a length of apple twine, and lay the line down on the planks that bridged the brook in the cart road, would catch the little fishes sable my bait till I had hooked one, or more of them.

One day our old tortoise shell cat came and sat down on the planks close beside me. She craned her head over the end of the bridge, and with glistening eyes watched the shining little fellows that swam around my hook in the water. At last a fat chub took hold of my bait, and pulling him out, I gave the wriggling fish to the eager watching old cat, who seized it with a growl of approval.

The next day old pussy came into the kitchen as wet as a drenched rat—not a dry hair on her sleek coat.

"Where has that cat been?" we all cried, and we had occasion to repeat the exclamation the next day, and the next, and the next, for each noontime pussy made a like appearance, creeping in under the kitchen stove to dry her dripping fur.

"May she falls into the cistern when getting fish for me," mother said; "if she gets into the cellar through that scuttle hole window it must be boarded. One of you children keep close watch of her to-morrow."

But it was not in the cistern where pussy had taken her daily bath, but in the brook. I saw her the next forenoon, sitting at one end of the plank bridge, and crept near to watch her.

She was eagerly peering down into the water, lashing her tail and poised for a spring. Then came a flying leap, a quick splash and shower of glittering drops, then a big commotion under the water, and up out of the brook pussy darted, puffing and sneezing, dripping from ears to tail, but with a slippery, flopping chub fiercely held in her teeth.

Our smart old cat had simply learned how to go fishing for herself.—Clarissa Potter in Springfield Homestead.

Wise Old Cat.

A rather reckless phrase sometimes accuses forward children of being "too smart to live." Our Dumb Animals relates a story of a humane housekeeper who concluded that her pet cat was too smart to die.

There were three cats in William street family in Norwich, Conn., and as the lady of the house concluded that one was sufficient, an edict of death was passed on the old cat and her kitten. The question of the manner of death was settled and chloroform purchased.

Some days passed before the executioner could muster courage to execute the sentence, and finally the lady put some laudanum into the cat's milk, thinking to produce a stupor that would make the chloroforming more easy.

The old cat tasted the milk, cast her eyes suspiciously about her, and refused to eat. The kitten rushed to the dish, but was violently knocked away by the old cat, who took a corner of a mat and covered over the dish to hide it from the kitten and prevent her from taking the "medicine."

The lady could not believe it possible that the act was intentional, and uncovered the dish. The cat again knocked the kitten from it, and covered it more carefully than before. The repetition of the protective act was too much for the lady, and the cat and her two kittens were allowed to live.

Trees on the Tower.

GREENSBURG, Ind., has long been noted by the singular phenomenon of trees growing on the court house tower. The first tree made its appearance in 1864, a tiny green shoot on top of the tower, and was the cause of much wonder and interest. Its development was eagerly watched, and, as its steady growth continued, became known as the Lone Tree. As years passed the little tree assumed greater and more graceful proportions, and flourished in spite of its lofty position, exposed to wind and storm. Other trees have since made their appearance on different sides of the tower, until there are now seven. While making the repairs on the court house a scaffolding was built around the tower, and the largest tree was reported to be six and one half inches in circumference and five feet ten inches high. No damage was being done by them, and it was decided to allow them to remain, as the crevices in the stone roofing made by the roots of the trees show an opening of only one and one-quarter inches. The tower is 128 feet high, of solid masonry, and how the trees find nourishment to sustain them is a matter of great wonder.—Christian at Work.

Died White Witnessing a Row.

LAMAR, Mo., March 4.—During an entertainment, which was held at a school, twelve miles west of here, four men became engaged in a quarrel. Mrs. Henry Short, who was present, witnessed it, and during its progress she fainted and died. She was subject to heart disease. Six men received painful wounds in the course of the row, which it is said was begun by the three Swett brothers, who had been drinking whisky.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—To a reliable man, ten acres of good tobacco land near Lewisburg. There are two good houses and tobacco barn on the premises. Apply to JAMES DAVIS.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good Mason County Farm of 175 acres, for one year. Possession given March 10th. Two houses on farm. Apply to PERRINE & CAMPBELL, Court St., Maysville, Ky.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—My residence on Court street. Call and see it. DR. W. S. MOORES.

FOR SALE—Cheap, fourteen acres of good tobacco land. Two houses and barn on place. N. S. WOOD, at Parker, Culbertson & Co.'s stable.

LOST.

LOST—Sunday, gent's fleece-lined dog-skin glove. Finder will please return to this office.

md3dt

LOST—Saturday, a pointer dog—white with liver color spots. Finder will return same to McIlvain, Bumphreys & Branes' m3d3t

md3dt

INCOMPREHENSIBLE.

Why you will exchange your old sewing machine and pay a difference of \$40 or \$50 when you can have it repaired and made as good as new? All kinds repaired and warranted. Twenty-five years experience. Orders left at Owens, Mitchell & Co.'s hardware store will receive prompt attention.

H. M. WILLIAMS, Adjuster.

M. B. McKRELL,

In order to enliven up business during the remainder of February, will offer the

Following Grand Bargains:

Good Dress Buttons, 1 cent per dozen; Sewing Machine Needles, 1 cent each; good Pins, 1 cent per paper; Torchon Lace, 1 cent per yard; fine Toilet Soap, 2 cents a cake; job lot of Ribbons, closing out at 5 cents a yard; lovely Tips, worth 50 cents, now go at 5 cents; Felt Hats only 10 cents; Best Dark Prints at 5 cents a yard; good Brown Cotton, 5 cents per yard; good Bleach Cotton, 5 cents per yard; Hope Lonsdale, 7 1/2 cents; Tobacco Cotton, 1 3/4 cents; Checked Nainsook at 5 cents, worth 8 cents; Striped Cotton Hose at 5 cents a pair; good basting Thread, 5 cents per dozen; one lot of odd sizes in Kid Gloves, worth